Dimensions



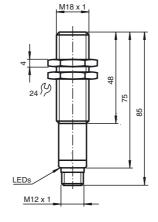
CE

Order Code

UB500-18GM75-E4-V15

Features

- Switch output
- 5 different output functions can be set
- · Selectable sound lobe width
- TEACH-IN input
- Synchronisation options
- Deactivation option
- Temperature compensation
- Very small unusable area



Technical Data		
General specifications		
Sensing range	30 500 mm	
Adjustment range	50 500 mm	
Unusable area	0 30 mm	
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm	
Transducer frequency	approx. 380 kHz	
Response delay	approx. 50 ms	
Indicators/operating means		
LED yellow	indication of the switching state flashing: TEACH-IN function object detected	
LED red	"Error", object uncertain	
Electrical specifications	in TEACH-IN function: No object detected	
•	10 00 V DO vizzla 10 %	
Operating voltage	10 30 V DC , ripple 10 % _{SS}	
No-load supply current I0	≤ 50 mA	
Input/output		
Synchronisation	1 synchronous connection, bi-directional 0-level: -U _B +1 V	
	1-level: +4 V+U _B	
	input impedance: > 12 k Ω	
	synchronisation pulse: \ge 100 μ s, synchronisation interpulse period: \ge 2 ms	
Synchronisation frequency		
Common mode operation	≤ 95 Hz	
Multiplex operation	≤ 95 Hz /n, n = number of sensors	
Input		
Input type	1 TEACH-IN input,	
	operating range 1: -U _B +1 V, operating range 2: +4 V +U _B input impedance: > 4.7 k\Omega; TEACH-IN pulse: \geq 1 s	
Output		
Output type	1 switch output E4, npn NO/NC, parameterisable	
Repeat accuracy	≤1 %	
Rated operational current Ie	200 mA, short-circuit/overload protected	Ξ.
Voltage drop U _d	≤3 V	5
Switching frequency f	max. 8 Hz	c
Range hysteresis H	1 % of the set operating distance	
Temperature influence	± 1.5 % of full-scale value	5
Standard conformity		2
Standards	EN 60947-5-2	è
Ambient conditions	LIN 00347-3-2	- 1
Ambient conditions Ambient temperature	-25 70 °C (248 343 K)	8
Storage temperature	-20 70 °C (240 343 K) -40 85 °C (233 358 K)	ç
Mechanical specifications	-40 00 O (200 000 N)	5
•	IDEE	è
Protection degree	IP65	- j
Connection	connector V15 (M12 x 1), 5 pin	ł
Material	human minimum minimum	
Housing	brass, nickel-plated	į.
Transducer	epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT	
Mass	60 g	5
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Electrical Connection

Standard symbol/Connections: (version E4, npn)

	1	(BN)	+ U _P
u ∲	4	(ВК) Ф	Switch output Teaching input
	2	(WH)	
	5	(GY)	
	3	(BU)	Synchronous
	_		Un

Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Subject to reasonable modifications due to technical advances.

Connector V15



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Synchronisation

The sensor features a synchronisation input for the suppression of mutual interference. If this input is not used, the sensor will operate using an internally generated clock rate. The synchronisation of multiple sensors can be realised as follows:

External synchronisation

The sensor can be synchronised by the external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse at the synchronisation input starts a measuring cycle. The pulse must have a duration greater than 100 µs. The measuring cycle starts with the falling edge of a synchronisation pulse. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input will result in the normal operation of the sensor. A high level at the synchronisation input disables the sensor.

Two operating modes are available

- 1. Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors are synchronised
- 2. The synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to individual sensors. The sensors operate in multiplex mode.

Internal synchronisation

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors capable of internal synchronisation are connected to one another. When power is applied, these sensors will operate in multiplex mode. The response delay increases according to the number of sensors to be synchronised. Synchronisation cannot be performed during TEACH-IN and vice versa. The sensors must be operated in an unsynchronised manner to teach the switching point.

Note:

If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input has to be connected to ground (0V) or the sensor has to be operated via a V1 cable connector (4-pin).

Adjusting the switching points

The ultrasonic sensor features a switch output with two teachable switching points. These are set by applying the supply voltage $-U_B$ or $+U_B$ to the TEACH-IN input. The supply voltage must be applied to the TEACH-IN input for at least 1 s. LEDs indicate whether the sensor has recognised the target during the TEACH-IN procedure. Switching point A1 is taught with $-U_B$, A2 with $+U_B$.

Five different output functions can be set

- 1. Window mode, normally-open function
- 2. Window mode, normally-closed function
- 3. One switch point, normally-open function
- 4. One switch point, normally-closed function
- 5. Detection of object presence

Switching points may only be specified directly after Power on. A time lock secures the adjusted switching points against unintended modification 5 minutes after Power on. To modify the switching points later, the user may specify the desired values only after a new Power On.

TEACH-IN window mode, normally-open function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UB
- Set target to far switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +UB

TEACH-IN window mode, normally-closed function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U_B
- Set target to far switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -U_B

TEACH-IN switching point, normally-open function

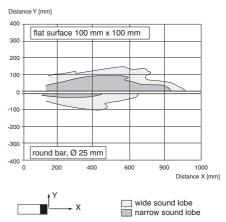
- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U_B
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -U_B

TEACH-IN switching point, normally-closed function

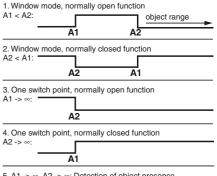
- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UB
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U_B

Characteristic Curves/Additional Information

Characteristic response curve



Programmed switching output function



5. A1 -> ∞, A2 -> ∞: Detection of object presence Object detected: Switch output closed No object detected: Switch output open

Accessories

UB-PROG2 Programming unit

OMH-04 Mounting aid

BF 18 Mounting flange

BF 18-F Mounting flange

BF 5-30 Mounting flange

UVW90-K18 Deviation reflector

V15-G-2M-PVC Cable connector

V15-W-2M-PUR Cable connector

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TEACH-IN detection of object presence

- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -U_B
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with $+\mathrm{U}_\mathrm{B}$

Default setting of switching points

A1 = unusable area

A2 = nominal sensing range

LED Displays

Displays in dependence on operating mode	Red LED	Yellow LED
TEACH-IN switching point:		
Object detected	off	flashes
No object detected	flashes	off
Object uncertain (TEACH-IN invalid)	on	off
Normal operation	off	switching
		state
Fault	on	previous state

Adjusting the sound cone characteristics:

The ultrasonic sensor enables two different shapes of the sound cone, a wide angle sound cone and a small angle sound cone.

1. Small angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-input wire to -U_B
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED flashes once with a pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates the presence of an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-input wire from -U_B and the changing is saved

2. Wide angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-input wire with +UB
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED double-flashes with a long pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates an object or disturbing object within the sensing range

- pause

-Ŭ-

- disconnect the Teach-input wire from +U_B and the changing is saved

Installation conditions

If the sensor is installed at places, where the environment temperature can fall below 0 °C, for the sensors fixation, one of the mounting flanges BF18, BF18-F or BF 5-30 must be used.

In case of direct mounting of the sensor in a through hole using the steel nuts, it has to be fixed at the middle of the housing thread. If a fixation at the front end of the threaded housing is required, plastic nuts with centering ring (accessories) must be used.