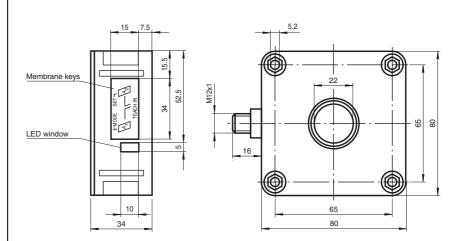
Ultrasonic sensor



Dimensions

Technical Data



CE

Order Code

UB2000-F42-I-V15

Features

- Analogue output 4 mA ... 20 mA
- Extremely small unusable area
- TEACH-IN
- Interference suppression (adjustable width of sound cone in close range)
- Temperature compensation
- Synchronisation options
- Mode of operation adjustable

General specifications	
Sensing range	60 2000 mm
Adjustment range	90 2000 mm
Unusable area	0 60 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 175 kHz
Response delay	approx. 150 ms
Indicators/operating means	
LED green	permanently green: Power on
LED yellow	permanent: object in evaluation range flashing: TEACH-IN function
LED red	normal operation: "fault" TEACH-IN function: no object detected
Electrical specifications	
Operating voltage	10 30 V DC , ripple 10 % _{SS}
No-load supply current Io	≤ 50 mA
Input/output	
Synchronisation	bi-directional 0 level - U_{B} +1 V 1 level: +4 V+ U_{B} input impedance: > 12 KOhm synchronisation pulse: ≥ 100 μ s, synchronisation interpulse period: ≥ 2 m
Synchronisation frequency	
Common mode operation	< 30 Hz
Multiplex operation	\leq 30/n Hz, n = number of sensors
Output	
Output type	1 analogue output 4 20 mA
Default setting	evaluation limit A1: 90 mm, evaluation limit A2: 2000 mm, wide sound lo
Resolution	0.7 mm
Deviation of the characteristic curve	± 1 % of full-scale value
Repeat accuracy	± 0.1 % of full-scale value
Load impedance	0 300 Ohm
Temperature influence	± 1 % of full-scale value
Standard conformity	
Standards	EN 60947-5-2
Ambient conditions	
Ambient temperature	-25 70 °C (248 343 K)
Storage temperature Mechanical specifications	-40 85 °C (233 358 K)
Protection degree	IP54
Connection	connector V15 (M12 x 1), 5 pin
Material	
Housing	ABS
Transducer	epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT
Mass	140 g
mass	

Electrical Connection

Standard symbol/Connections:

(version I)

	1	(BN)	+ U _P
	2	(WH)	 Teaching input
U	5	(GY)	•
	4	(BK)	Sync.
I [▼]	3	(BU)	Analog output
	_		• - U _B

Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Connector V15



133990_ENG.xml

Release date: 2008-02-22 08:46 Issue date: 2008-02-22

Subject to reasonable modifications due to technical advances.

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Functional Description

The sensor may be completely parameterised via two keys on the side panel of the housing. As a special feature provided by this sensor, the ultrasound beam width may be adapted to the environmental conditions at the place of operation of the sensor.

Specifying the evaluation limits:

The evaluation limits determine the characteristic line and the working range of the analog output.

Specifying the A1 evaluation limit by pressing the A1 key		
Holding down the A1key > 2 seconds	The sensor switches to learn mode and the user may specify the A1 evaluation limit	
Position the target object at the desired distance	The yellow LED of the sensor flashes fast to indicate that the target object is recognised. The red LED flashes if the object is not recognised.	
Briefly pressing the A1 key	The sensor terminates the specification of the A1 eval- uation limit and saves it as a non-volatile value. The specified value is invalid if the object is uncertain (i.e. the red LED lights up at irregular intervals). The learn mode is exited.	

The A2 evaluation limit is specified via the A2 key, analogous to the description above.

Alternatively, the evaluation limits may also be specified electrically via the learn input. To specify the A1 evaluation limit, the learn input must be connected to -U_B; to specify the A2 evaluation limit, it must be connected to +U_B. Specified values are saved upon the disconnection from the learn input.

Evaluation limits may only be specified within the first 5 minutes after Power on. To modify the evaluation limits later, the user may specify the desired values only after a new Power On.

Proceed as follows to parameterise the output function and the ultrasound beam width:

Press the A1 key during Power on and hold down the key for another second to ensure that the sensor starts the two-step parameterisation of the operating modes.

Step 1, parameterisation of the output function

The output function parameterised last is displayed. All output functions available may be selected via consecutive, brief strokes of the A2 key. These strokes are visualised via short flashes of the green LED.

Operating mode	Flash sequence of the green LED	A2 key
Rising edge	-Ò, pauseÒ,	\bigcirc
Falling edge	-ऴ:ऴ:pauseऴ: _	¥ ^
Zero point straight line	- Ŏ 」 - Ŏ pause	\bigcup

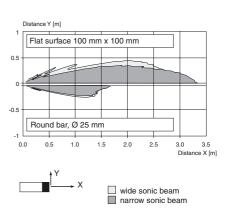
133990_ENG.xml lssue date: 2008-02-22

The "Zero point straight line" setting fixedly specifies the A1 evaluation limit to 0 (see specification of the evaluation limits). The A2 evaluation limit determines the steepness of the output characteristic line.

Hold down the A1 key for 2 seconds to save the selected output mode, complete the parameterisation and ensure that the sensor returns to normal mode. If you briefly press the A1 key, Step 2 is entered (parameterisation of the ultrasound beam width).

Characteristic Curves/Additional Information

Characteristic response curve



Analogue output programmation

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Unusable area	
υ —		Object distance
Rising ramp		
	A1	A2
Falling ramp		_
	A1	A2
Zero line		
A1 = 0		A2

Accessories

MH 04-3505 Mounting aid

MHW 11 Mounting aid

DA5-IU-2K-V Process control and indication equipment

V15-G-2M-PVC Cable connector

V15-W-2M-PUR Cable connector

Step 2, parameterisation of the ultrasound beam width

Via Step 2, the ultrasound beam width may be adapted to the requirements of the corresponding application. The beam width parameterised last is displayed first. Available beam width settings may be selected via consecutive, brief strokes of the A2 key. These strokes are visualised via the flash sequence of the red LED.

Beam width	Flash sequence of the red LED	A2 key
Small beam	-Ö	\bigcirc
Medium beam	-ऴॣ:;;	\downarrow
Large beam	-ऴॣॱऴॣॱऴॣॱ pause	\bigcup

Hold down the A1 key for 2 seconds to save the selected beam shape, terminate the parameterisation and ensure that the sensor returns to normal mode. Briefly press the A1 key to return to Step 1 (parameterisation of the output function).

If the parameterisation mode is not terminated within 5 minutes (hold down the A1 key for 2 seconds), the sensor aborts this mode without modifying the settings.

Synchronisation

The sensor provides a synchronisation port to suppress mutual influencing. If this port has not been connected, the sensor works at an internally generated cycle rate. Several sensors may be synchronised via the following options.

External synchronisation:

The sensor may be synchronised via the external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse on the synchronisation input initiates a measuring cycle. The pulse width must be greater than 100 μ s. The measuring cycle is started with the falling edge. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input initiate the transition to normal sensor mode. A high level on the synchronisation input deactivates the sensor.

Two modes are possible:

- Several sensors are controlled via the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work in common mode.

- The synchronisation pulses are forwarded at cyclic intervals to respectively one single sensor. The sensors work in multiplex mode.

Self-synchronisation:

The synchronisation ports of up to 5 sensors suitable for self-synchronisation are connected to each other. These sensors work in multiplex mode after Power on. The On delay increases depending on the number of sensors to be synchronised. While the learn mode is active, no synchronisation is possible (and vice-versa). To specify the switching points, the sensors must be operated in non-synchronised mode.

Note:

If the synchronisation option is not used, the synchronisation input must be connected to ground (0V) or the sensor must be operated with a (4-pole) V1 connecting cable.

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